

Predictive Analytics

Ch1. Getting started

Prof. Dr. Benjamin Buchwitz

Wirgeben Impulse

- 2 Time series data and random futures
- 3 Some case studies

4 Assignment 1

Forecasts that aren't forecasts

Commonwealth plans to drift back to surplus GRATTAN show the triumph of experience over hope

Actual and forecast Commonwealth underlying cash balance per cent of GDP Forecast made in 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 0 2016 201 -1 -2 -3 Actual -4 -5 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Financial year ended





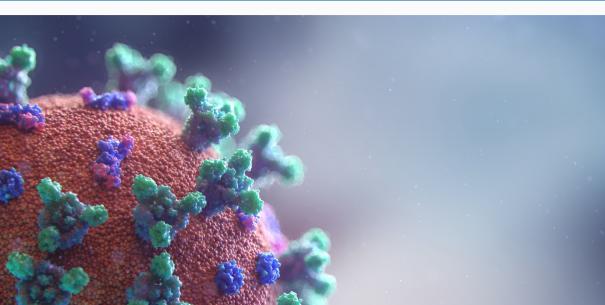








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- daily electricity demand in 3 days time
- time of sunrise this day next year
- Google stock price tomorrow
- Google stock price in 6 months time
- maximum temperature tomorrow
- exchange rate of \$US/AUS next week
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- how do we measure "easiest"?
- what makes something easy/difficult to forecast?

Something is easier to forecast if:

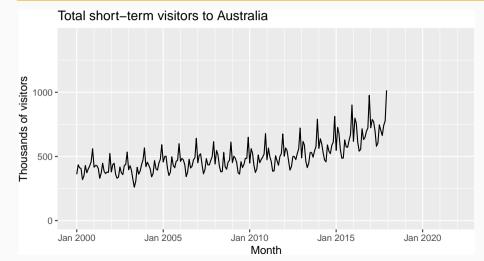
- 1 we have a good understanding of the factors that contribute to it
- 2 there is lots of data available;
- ³ the future is somewhat similar to the past
- 4 the forecasts cannot affect the thing we are trying to forecast.

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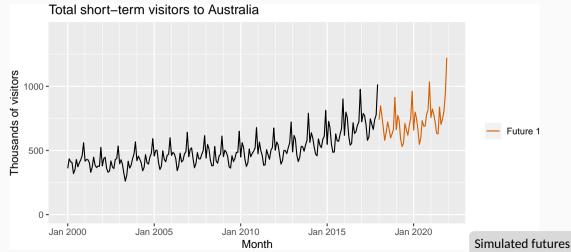
- Four-yearly Olympic winning times
- Annual Google profits
- Quarterly Australian beer production
- Monthly rainfall
- Weekly retail sales
- Daily IBM stock prices
- Hourly electricity demand
- 5-minute freeway traffic counts
- Time-stamped stock transaction data

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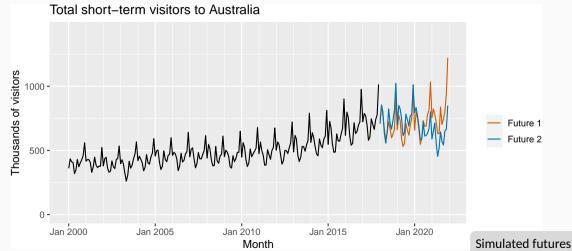


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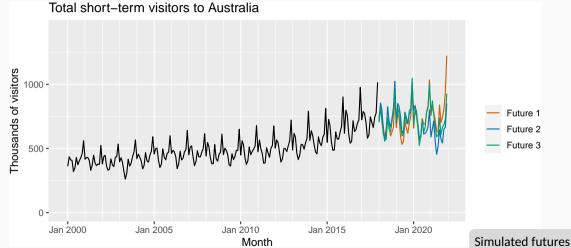
from an ETS model

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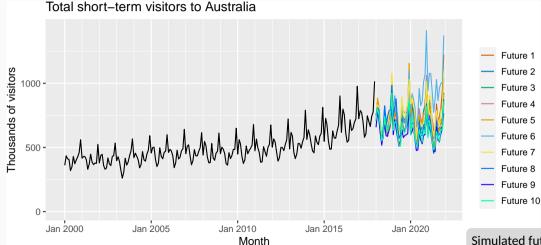
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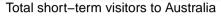


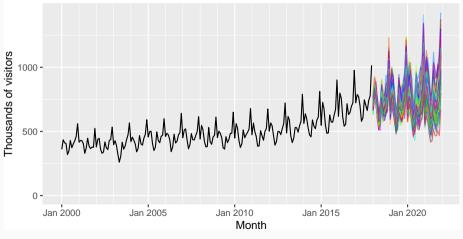
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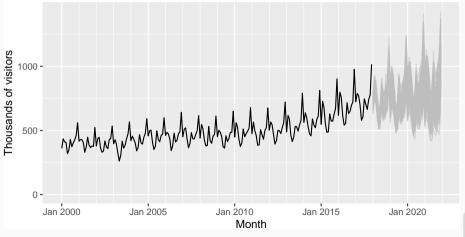
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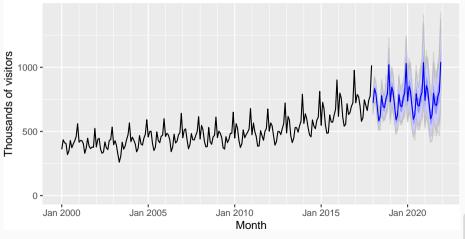
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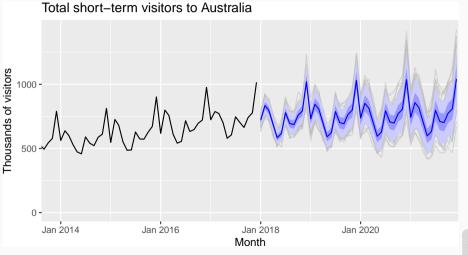


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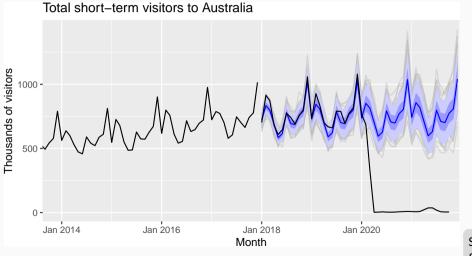




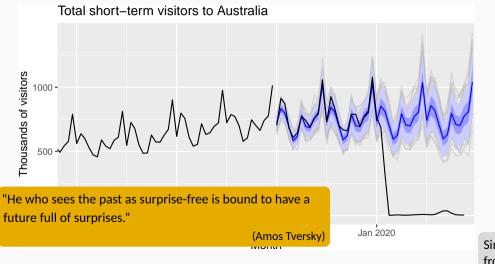
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- Thing to be forecast: a random variable, y_t.
- Forecast distribution: If \mathcal{I} is all observations, then $y_t | \mathcal{I}$ means "the random variable y_t given what we know in \mathcal{I} .
- The "point forecast" is the mean (or median) of $y_t | \mathcal{I}$
- The "forecast variance" is $var[y_t|\mathcal{I}]$
- A prediction interval or "interval forecast" is a range of values of y_t with high probability.
- With time series, $y_{t|t-1} = y_t | \{y_1, y_2, \dots, y_{t-1}\}.$
- $\hat{y}_{T+h|T} = E[y_{T+h}|y_1, \dots, y_T]$ (an *h*-step forecast taking account of all observations up to time *T*).

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4 Assignment 1

Problem: Want forecasts of each of hundreds of items. Series can be stationary, trended or seasonal. They currently have a large forecasting program written in-house but it doesn't seem to produce sensible forecasts. They want me to fix it.

Additional information

- Program written in COBOL making numerical calculations limited. It is not possible to do any optimisation.
- Their programmer has little experience in numerical computing.
- They employ no statisticians and want the program to produce forecasts automatically.



Methods currently used

- A 12 month average
- C 6 month average
- E straight line regression over last 12 months
- G straight line regression over last 6 months
- H average slope between last year's and this year's values. (Equivalent to differencing at lag 12 and taking mean.)
- Same as H except over 6 months.
- K I couldn't understand the explanation.

CASE STUDY 2: PBS



The Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) is the Australian government drugs subsidy scheme.

- Many drugs bought from pharmacies are subsidised to allow more equitable access to modern drugs.
- The cost to government is determined by the number and types of drugs purchased. Currently nearly 1% of GDP.
- The total cost is budgeted based on forecasts of drug usage.

CASE STUDY 2: PBS



Opp demands drug price restriction after PBS budget

The Federal Opposition has called for tighter controls on drug prices after the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) budget blew out by almost \$800

The money was spent on two new drugs including the controversial anti-smoking aid Zyban, which dropped in price from \$220 to \$22 after it was listed on the



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- In 2001: \$4.5 billion budget, under-forecasted by \$800 million.
- Thousands of products. Seasonal demand.
- Subject to covert marketing, volatile products, uncontrollable expenditure.
- Although monthly data available for 10 years, data are aggregated to annual values, and only the first three years are used in estimating the forecasts.
- All forecasts being done with the FORECAST function in MS-Excel!

Client: One of Australia's largest car fleet companies

Problem: how to forecast resale value of vehicles? How should this affect leasing and sales policies?

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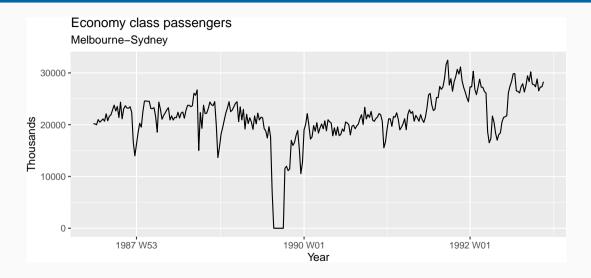
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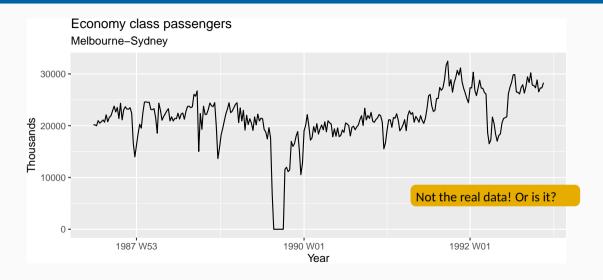
Additional information

- They can provide a large amount of data on previous vehicles and their eventual resale values.
- The resale values are currently estimated by a group of specialists. They see me as a threat and do not cooperate.

CASE STUDY 4: Airline







Problem: how to forecast passenger traffic on major routes?

Additional information

- They can provide a large amount of data on previous routes.
- Traffic is affected by school holidays, special events such as the Grand Prix, advertising campaigns, competition behaviour, etc.
- They have a highly capable team of people who are able to do most of the computing.

1 What can we forecast?

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4 Assignment 1

- Google closing stock price on 15 April 2022.
- 2 Maximum temperature at Melbourne airport on 15 April 2022.
- The difference in points (Collingwood minus Essendon) scored in the AFL match between Collingwood and Essendon for the Anzac Day clash. 25 April 2022.
- ⁴ The seasonally adjusted estimate of total employment for April 2022. ABS CAT 6202, to be released around mid May 2022.
- ⁵ Google closing stock price on 23 May 2022.

Y =actual, F =point forecast, [L, U] =prediction interval

Point forecasts:

Absolute Error = |Y - F|

- Rank results for all students in class
- Add ranks across all five items

Prediction intervals:

Interval Score = $(U - L) + 10(L - Y)_{+} + 10(Y - U)_{+}$

- Rank results for all students
- Add ranks across all five items